Multicentre, randomized controlled trial.

Patients with UC on vedolizumab 300mg q8w and a thiopurine in steroid-free clinical remission for over 6 months and endoscopic remission/improvement were randomized to withdraww or continue thiopurine.

Primary endpoint: Week 48 vedolizumab trough concentrations.

Results: N=62

- At w48 trough concentrations of VEDO were not different between groups.
- VEDO+thiopurine group had higher FC remission 95% vs 71.4%, p=0.03
- VEDO+thiopurine group had higher histologic and histoendoscopic remission than withdrawal group.
- Histological activiy and prior antiTNF predicted clinical relapse after thiopurine withdrawal.

Conclusion:

Thiopurine withdrawal did not affect vedolizumab trough concentrations. However, it may increase fecal calprotectin, histologic and histo-endoscopic activity.





